BICEPS TENODESIS CLINICAL PRACTICE GUIDELINE



Summary of Recommendations

Risk Factors	 Limit shoulder ER to 40° and no extension or horizontal extension for 4 to 6 weeks Concomitant surgeries
Precautions	 Use sling for 6 weeks No excessive biceps loading for 8 weeks Initiate soft tissue mobilization at 2 weeks (avoid or cross friction massage for 6 weeks) No isolated biceps activation with elbow flexion or straight arm resisted flexion/ supination for 8 weeks
Manual Therapy	 PROM exercises and GH joint mobilizations (phase I & II) Scar massage is appropriate in phase II
Corrective Interventions	Cryotherapy for pain and inflammationManual Therapy
Criteria for Discharge	 >90% with patient-reported outcome Full AROM, strength, and able to demonstrate pain-free, sports specific movements without compensatory movements

Phase I: Protection to PROM (0-2 Weeks)

Decrease Pain and Inflammation	 Education: No extremity AROM, incisions clean and dry, ace wrap or lymphatic drainage taught for upper extremity swelling control Initiate passive pendulums as warm-up Modalities including vasopneumatic device or E-stim No friction massage Sleep with sling, place towel under elbow to prevent extension
Restore Passive ROM	 Limit shoulder ER to 40° for 4 weeks No extension or horizontal extension for 4 weeks
Begin Home Exercise Program	Posture educationArm immobilized seated scapular retractions

	 Scapular clocks progressed to scapular isometrics PROM elbow flexion/ extension & forearm supination/ pronation AROM wrist/ hand & ball squeezes No computer activity: 4wks
Criteria to Progress	 Full passive shoulder range of motion Full passive elbow flexion/extension Full passive forearm supination/pronation

Phase II: PROM to AROM (2-6 weeks)

Minimize Pain and Inflammation	 No bicep tension for 6 weeks Continue sling use for 6 weeks
Post-op Weeks 2-4	 NO ER>40deg and Limit shoulder extension in frontal and sagittal planes (4weeks) PROM-AAROM for all planes to tolerance and within limits at shoulder, wrist, and elbow Scar message, no cross friction
Post-op Weeks 4-6	 Initiation of shoulder submaximal-isometrics: IR, ER, ABD, & ADD Increase AAROM – AROM muscle endurance from supine to standing for waist level function, maintaining proper scapular kinematics
Criteria to Progress	 Pain-free, full shoulder AROM Proper static posture and dynamic scapular control with AROM

Phase III: Strength Phase (6-12 weeks)

Pain-free, Progressive Restoration of AROM and Strength	 No pain, inflammation or strengthening in plane until ROM in almost full Avoid long lever arm resistance for elbow supination and flexion Normalize strength, endurance, neuromuscular control starting below chest level, working up to overheard
Post-op Weeks 6-8	 Continue PROM to AROM of shoulder and elbow, gaining muscle endurance with high reps, low resistance Isotonic IR and ER light resistance resisted movement with wrist in neutral (no supination) Supine ABC & SA punches with high reps, low resistance Week 7 begin prone scapular stability program

Post-op Weeks 8-12	 Slowly progress resisted biceps curl, supination, & pronation Progress prone Scap 6 to Supine 5 Resisted IR and ER at 30° ABD progressing to 90° Resisted SA punch & bear hugs, standing Resisted low row, prone 30°/45°/90° to standing Push-up plus: wall, counter, knees on the floor, & floor Rhythmic stabilization: ER & IR in scapular plane; flexion, extension, ABD & ADD at various angles of elevation Supine to standing diagonal patterns: D1 & D2 Begin closed chain stabilization exercises
Return to Activity After Week 8	Running, biking, & StairmasterGolf with proper kinematics
Criteria to Progress	 Pain-free, full AROM of shoulder and elbow with normal scapulohumeral rhythm 5/5 MMT scores for RTC at 90° ABD in scapular plane 5/5 MMT for scapulothoracic musculature

Phase IV: Return to Sport/Activity (weeks 12-16)

Goals	 Maintain full non-painful AROM Progress strength and power without compensatory strategies Avoid excessive anterior capsule stress (NO military press, upright row, or wide grip bench) Return to sports progression: throwing/ swimming Analysis of sports specific movements
Exercises	 Initiate plyometric training below shoulder to overhead: begin with both arms and progress to a single arm Low to higher velocity strengthening and plyometric activities: ball drops in prone to D2 reverse throws
Criteria to Return to Sport Activity	 Pain-free, stability & control with higher velocity movements including sports specific patterns and change of direction movements Proper kinematic control transfer from the hip & core to the shoulder with dynamic movement

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